AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 27, 2003 AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 7, 2003 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 21, 2003

SENATE BILL

No. 1005

Introduced by Senator Dunn

February 21, 2003

An act to amend Sections 1279, 1280, 1280.1, and 1280.2 of, and to add-Sections 1266.2 and Section 1279.1 to, the Health and Safety Code, relating to health facilities.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1005, as amended, Dunn. Fees: inspections: deficiencies: corrections.

Under existing law, a "health facility" means any facility, place, or building that is organized, maintained, and operated for the diagnosis, care, prevention, and treatment of human illness, physical and mental, as specified, and includes, among others, general acute care hospitals, acute psychiatric hospitals, and special hospitals, as defined. These facilities are regulated by the State Department of Health Services. A violation of the law relating to health facilities is a misdemeanor.

This bill would require the department to levy a fee on these health facilities in order to ensure an adequate level of licensing and certification staff to perform inspections, as required by this bill.

Under existing law, a general acute care hospital, acute psychiatric hospital, and special hospital, as defined, are required to pay an annual fee, as specified, plus \$8 per bed, with each new and renewal application for a license.

SB 1005 — 2 —

This bill would require that these facilities, when applying for a new license or a renewal of a license, pay a fee that may not exceed \$5 per bed, in addition to existing fees, as specified.

This bill would require the department to seek federal financial participation to match the above fees.

Existing law contains provisions with respect to the inspection of, and the issuance of eitation citations against, general acute care hospitals, acute psychiatric hospitals, and special hospitals, as defined.

Existing law also establishes procedures with respect to the identification and correction of deficiencies or the upgrading of quality of care provided by these health facilities.

This bill would make various changes with respect to those provisions.

This bill, in addition, would establish complaint procedures for complaints involving health facilities, as specified.

This bill would make various changes to those provisions.

Existing law states it is the intent of the Legislature that nothing in specified sections of law shall be construed to require the retrofitting of hospital buildings built prior to January 1, 1994, to meet seismic standards in effect on that date.

This bill would change that date to January 1, 2004.

Existing law requires each health facility to pay an annual fee, as specified, with each new and renewal application for a license.

This bill would provide that the activities of the department in implementing the bill shall be funded through fees collected pursuant to this provision.

This bill would provide that its provisions shall become operative on July, 1, 2004.

Because a violation of the provisions of the bill would constitute a misdemeanor, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

__ 3 __ SB 1005

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 1266.2 is added to the Health and Safety Code, to read:

1266.2. (a) In order to ensure an adequate level of licensing and certification staff to perform inspections pursuant to the requirements of this article, and to enforce the requirements of this chapter, the department shall levy a fee not to exceed five dollars (\$5) per bed on health facilities licensed pursuant to subdivisions (a), (b), and (f) of Section 1250. This fee may not exceed the actual and reasonable costs of enforcement of this article and shall be in addition to the license fees levied pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 1266.

(b) The department shall seek federal financial participation consistent with Title XIX (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1396 et seq.) of the federal Social Security Act to match the fees paid pursuant to subdivision (a).

SEC. 2.

SECTION 1. Section 1279 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:

- 1279. (a) Every health facility for which a license or special permit has been issued, except a health facility, as defined in subdivisions (b) to (k), inclusive, of Section 1250, that is certified to participate either in the Medicare program under Title XVIII (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395 et seq.) of the federal Social Security Act, or in the medicaid program under Title XIX (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1396 et seq.) of the federal Social Security Act, or both, shall be periodically inspected by a representative or representatives appointed by the state department, depending upon the type and complexity of the health facility or special service to be inspected.
- (b) If the health facility is deemed to meet standards for certification to participate in either the Medicare program or the medicaid program, or both, because the health facility meets the standards of an agency other than the *federal* Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, then, in order for the health facility to qualify for the exemption from periodic inspections provided in this section, the inspection to determine that whether the health facility meets the standards of an agency other than the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services shall include participation by the California Medical Association to the same extent as it

SB 1005 — 4 —

participated in inspections as provided in Section 1282 prior to the effective operative date of this section, as amended by under S.B. 1779 of the 1991–92 Regular Session.

- (c) Except as provided in subdivision (d), inspections shall be conducted no less than once every two years and as often as necessary to ensure the quality of care being provided.
- (d) For a health facility specified in subdivision (a) or (b) of Section 1250, inspections shall be conducted no less than once every three years, and as often as necessary to ensure the quality of care being provided.
- (e) During the inspection, the representative or representatives shall offer such the advice and assistance to the health facility as that they deem appropriate.
- (f) For acute care hospitals of 100 beds or more, the inspection team shall include at least a physician, registered nurse, and persons experienced in hospital administration and sanitary inspections. During the inspection, the team shall offer such the advice and assistance to the hospital as that it deems appropriate.
- (g) The department shall ensure that a periodic inspection conducted pursuant to this section is not announced in advance of the date of the inspection. An inspection may be conducted jointly with inspections by entities specified in Section 1282. However, if the department conducts an inspection jointly with an entity specified in Section 1282 that provides notice in advance of the periodic inspection, the department shall conduct an additional periodic inspection that is not announced or noticed to the health facility.
- (h) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for a health facility licensed pursuant to subdivision (a), (b), or (f) of Section 1250, the department shall inspect for compliance with Section 1276.4 during a state or federal periodic inspection, including, but not limited to, an inspection required under this section. This inspection requirement shall not limit the department's authority in other circumstances to cite for violations of Section 1276.4 or to inspect for compliance with Section 1276.4.
- 36 SEC. 3. Section 1279.1 is added to the Health and Safety 37 Code, to read:
- 38 1279.1. (a) (1) Upon receipt of a written or oral complaint 39 involving a health facility licensed pursuant to subdivision (a), (b), 40 or (f) of Section 1250, the department shall assign an inspector to

— 5 — SB 1005

make a preliminary review of the complaint, and shall notify the complainant within two working days of the receipt of the complaint of the name of the inspector. Unless the department determines that the complaint is willfully intended to harass a 5 licensee or is without any reasonable basis, it shall conduct an 6 onsite inspection or investigation within 10 working days of the receipt of the complaint. In any case in which the complaint involves a matter that creates a threat of imminent danger of death 9 or serious bodily harm, the department shall make an onsite inspection or investigation within 24 hours of the receipt of the 10 11 complaint. In any event, the complainant shall be promptly 12 informed of the department's proposed course of action and of the 13 opportunity to accompany the inspector on the inspection or 14 investigation of the facility. Upon the request of either the complainant or the department, the complainant, or a family 15 member or other representative of the complainant, or both, may 16 17 be allowed to accompany the inspector to the site of the alleged violations during his or her tour of the facility, unless the inspector 19 determines that the privacy of any patient would be violated or the 20 health or safety of the patient would be at risk. 21

- (2) When conducting an onsite inspection or investigation pursuant to this section, the department shall collect and evaluate all available evidence and may issue a citation based upon, but not limited to, all of the following:
 - (A) Observed conditions.
 - (B) Statements of witnesses.
 - (C) Facility records.

22

24

25

26

27

28

31

32

33

34

35

36

37 38

39

- (3) Within 10 working days of the completion of the complaint investigation, the department shall notify the complainant and licensee in writing of the department's determination as a result of the inspection or investigation.
- (b) (1) When the department provides notice pursuant to paragraph (3) of subdivision (a), the department shall notify the complainant of the right to an informal conference.
- (2) A complainant who is dissatisfied with the department's determination regarding a matter that would pose a threat to the health, safety, security, welfare, or rights of a patient may, within five business working days after receipt of the notice, notify the director in writing of his or her request for an informal conference. The informal conference shall be held with the designee of the

SB 1005 — 6 —

 director for the county in which the health facility that is the subject of the complaint is located. The health facility may participate as a party in the informal conference. The director's designee shall notify the complainant and licensee of his or her determination within 10 working days after the informal conference and shall notify the complainant and licensee in writing of the appeal rights provided in subdivision (c).

- (c) If the complainant is dissatisfied with the determination of the director's designee, the complainant may, within 15 days after receipt of this determination, notify in writing the Deputy Director of the Licensing and Certification Division of the department, who shall assign the request to a representative of the Complainant Appeals Unit for review of the facts that led to the determination. As a part of the Complainant Appeals Unit's independent investigation, and at the request of the complainant, the representative shall interview the complainant in the district office where the complaint was initially referred. If the health facility so requests, the representative shall also interview representatives of the health facility. This interview shall be conducted separately from the interview of the complainant. Based upon this review, the Deputy Director of the Licensing and Certification Division of the department shall make his or her own determination and notify the complainant and the health facility within 30 days.
- (d) For purposes of this section, "complaint" means any oral or written notice to the department, other than a report from the facility, of an alleged violation of applicable requirements of state or federal law or an allegation of facts that might constitute a violation of applicable requirements of state or federal law.
- SEC. 4. Section 1280 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 1280. (a) The department may provide consulting services upon request to any health facility *in order* to assist in the identification or correction of deficiencies or *in* the upgrading of the quality of care provided by the health facility.
- (b) The department shall notify the health facility of all deficiencies in its compliance with this chapter and *of* the rules and regulations adopted hereunder, and the health facility shall agree with the department upon a plan of correction that shall give the health facility a reasonable time to correct these deficiencies. The time given to a health facility licensed pursuant to subdivision (a),

—7— SB 1005

(b), or (f) of Section 1250 to correct the deficiencies may not exceed 180 calendar days. The facility may request an extension 3 of the period of time within which to correct the deficiencies, except for a violation of Section 1276.4 or any other staffing requirement. This request shall be in writing and shall state facts sufficient to demonstrate good cause for the extension and that patients will not be exposed to a significant hazard if the extension is granted. The request shall be received by the department no not less than 60 days prior to the expiration of the time within which to correct the deficiencies. The department may approve the 10 request for an extension of time if the department finds that the extension is for good cause and that no patient will be at risk of significant hazard if the extension is granted. If the department 14 grants the an extension, the department shall provide to the original complainant or his or her representative notice of the extension 30 days prior to the date required for implementation of 16 the plan for corrections. If at the end of the allotted time, as revealed by inspection, the health facility has failed to correct the deficiencies, the director may take action to revoke or suspend the license.

2

5

6

11

12 13

15

17

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

(c) (1) In addition to subdivision (a), if the health facility is licensed under subdivision (a), (b), or (f) of Section 1250, and if the facility fails to implement, within a reasonable time, a plan of correction that has been agreed upon by both the facility and the department, the department may order implementation of the plan of correction previously agreed upon by the facility and the department. The time given to the health facility to implement the plan of correction may not exceed 180 calendar days. The facility may request an extension of the period of time within which to implement the plan of correction, except for a violation of Section 1276.4 or any other staffing requirement. This request shall be in writing and shall state facts sufficient to demonstrate good cause for the extension and that patients will not be exposed to a significant hazard if the extension is granted. The request shall be received by the department no not less than 60 days prior to the expiration of the time within which to implement the plan of correction. The department may approve the request for an extension of time if the department finds that the extension is for good cause and that no patient will be at risk of significant hazard if the extension is granted. If the department grants the an

SB 1005 — 8 —

26

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36 37

38

extension, the department shall provide to the original complainant or his or her representative notice of the extension 30 3 days prior to the date required for implementation of the plan for corrections. If the facility and the department fail to agree upon a 5 plan of correction within a reasonable time, which may not exceed 6 60 days, and if the deficiency poses a significant hazard to the health or safety of patients, then the director may take action to order implementation of a plan of correction devised by the 9 department. The order shall be in writing and shall contain a statement of the reasons for the order. If the facility does not agree 10 11 that the deficiency poses a significant hazard to the health or safety 12 of patients, or if the facility believes that the plan of correction will 13 not correct the hazard, or if the facility proposes a more efficient 14 or effective means of remedying the deficiency, the facility may, within 10 days of receiving the plan of correction from the 15 department, appeal the order to the director. The director shall 16 review information provided by the facility, the department, and 17 other affected parties and, within a reasonable time, shall render 19 a decision in writing that shall include a statement of reasons for 20 the order. During the period in which the director is reviewing the 21 appeal, the order to implement the plan of correction shall be 22 stayed. The opportunity for appeal provided pursuant to this 23 subdivision shall not be deemed to be an adjudicative hearing and 24 is not required to comply with Section 100171. 25

- (2) If any condition within a health facility licensed under subdivision (a), (b), or (f) of Section 1250 poses a significant hazard to the health or safety of patients, or if completion of a plan of correction for a significant hazard has not been documented by the department within the agreed period of time for the implementation of the plan of correction, the department may order either of the following until the hazardous condition is corrected:
- (A) A reduction in the number of patients or a ban on the admission of patients.
- (B) The closure of all or part of the unit or units within the facility that pose the risk. If the unit to be closed is an emergency room in a designated facility, as defined in Section 1797.67, the department shall notify and coordinate with the local emergency medical services agency.

—9— SB 1005

(3) The facility may appeal an order pursuant to paragraph (2) by appealing to the superior court of the county in which the facility is located.

- (4) Paragraph (2) shall not apply to a deficiency for which the facility was cited prior to January 1, 2004.
- (d) Reports on the results of each inspection of a health facility shall be prepared by the inspector or inspector team and shall be kept on file in the department along with the plan of correction and health facility comments. The inspection report shall include a recommended date for reinspection in order to ensure compliance with the plan of correction. The reinspection may not be more than 180 days after the citation of deficiency. A reinspection may be conducted during a periodic inspection required pursuant to Section 1279. Inspection reports of an intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled habilitative or an intermediate care facility/developmentally disabled—nursing shall be provided by the department to the appropriate regional center pursuant to Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 4620) of Division 4.5 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.
- (e) All inspection reports and lists of deficiencies shall be open to public inspection when the department has received verification that the health facility has received the report from the department. All plans of correction shall be open to public inspection upon receipt by the department.
- (f) In no event shall the act of providing a plan of correction, the content of the plan of correction, or the execution of a plan of correction, be used in any legal action or administrative proceeding as an admission within the meaning of Sections 1220 to 1227, inclusive, of the Evidence Code against the health facility, its licensee, or its personnel.
- (g) For purposes of this section, "significant hazard" means a condition as a result of which a patient has suffered, or is likely to suffer, serious injury, harm, impairment, or death.
- SEC. 5. Section 1280.1 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 1280.1. (a) If a licensee of a health facility licensed under subdivision (a), (b), or (f) of Section 1250 fails to correct a deficiency within the lesser of 180 days or the time specified in a plan of correction or within an extension of that time pursuant to Section 1280, the department may assess *against* the licensee a

SB 1005 — 10 —

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

30 31

32 33

34

35

36 37

38

civil penalty in an amount not to exceed fifty dollars (\$50) per patient affected by the deficiency for each day that the deficiency continues beyond the date specified for correction. For purposes of this section, failure to correct a deficiency may be substantiated 5 by a subsequent validated complaint about a condition similar to the one that gave rise to the deficiency. The civil penalties shall be assessed only for deficiencies that pose a significant hazard, as defined in subdivision (g) of Section 1280, to the health or safety 9 of patients. If the licensee disputes a determination by the department regarding alleged failure to correct a deficiency or 10 regarding the reasonableness of the proposed deadline for 11 correction, the licensee may, within 10 days of the department's 12 13 determination, request a hearing pursuant to Section 100171. 14 Penalties shall be paid when appeals pursuant to those provisions have been exhausted. 15 16

- (b) This section shall not apply to a deficiency for which a facility was cited prior to January 1, 1994.
- (c) A licensee may appeal a civil penalty assessed pursuant to this section. If a civil penalty is appealed pursuant to this section, proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with Section 100171.
- (d) Civil penalties collected pursuant to this section shall be used for the purpose of enforcement of this chapter.
- SEC. 6. Section 1280.2 of the Health and Safety Code is amended to read:
- 1280.2. (a) No deficiency cited pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section 1280 or Section 1280.1 shall be for the failure of a facility to meet the requirements of the California Building Standards Code if, as of January 1, 1994, the hospital building was approved under Chapter 12.5 (commencing with Section 15000) of Division 12.5, or if the hospital building was exempt from that approval under any other provision of law in effect on that date.
- (b) It is the intent of the Legislature that neither the amendments made to Section 1280 by Chapter 1152 of the Statutes of 1993, nor Section 1280.1 shall be construed to require the retrofitting of hospital buildings built prior to January 1, 2004, to meet seismic standards in effect on that date.
- 39 SEC. 7. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 40 activities of the State Department of Health Services in

— 11 — SB 1005

1 implementing this act shall be funded through fees collected 2 pursuant to Section 1266 of the Health and Safety Code.

- SEC. 8. This act shall become operative on July 1, 2004.
- 4 SEC. 9. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because
- 5 the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school
- 7 district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or
- 8 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty
- 9 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of
- 10 the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within
- 11 the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California
- 12 Constitution.

3